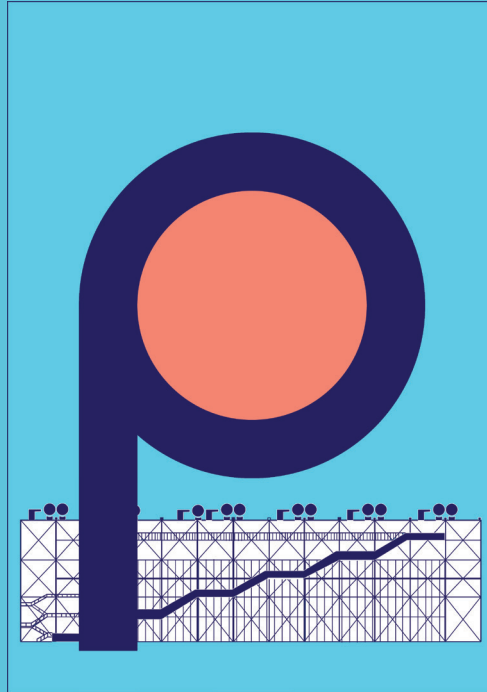




P for Pompidou Centre

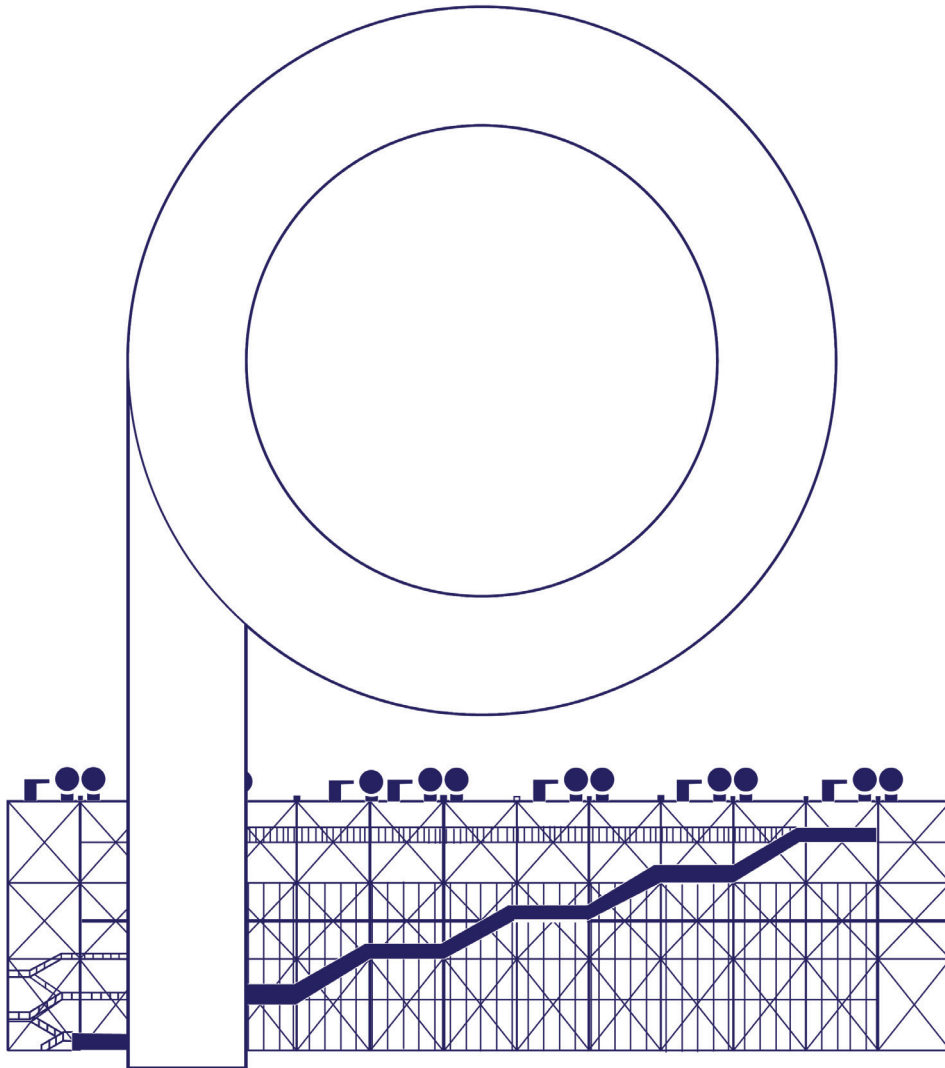
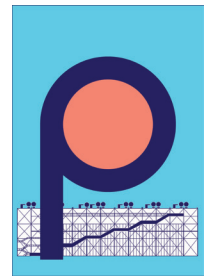


Fun Facts

1. Richard Rogers and Renzo Piano designed the Pompidou Centre in 1977 to house the largest collection of Modern Art in Europe, extending over 10 floors of 7,500 m² each.
2. Exposed on the exterior of the building is its structural system that was colour coded to define the following: green pipes for plumbing, blue ducts for climate control, electrical wires are encased in yellow, and circulation elements and devices are red.
3. It is the first notable example of an 'inside-out' building in architectural history.

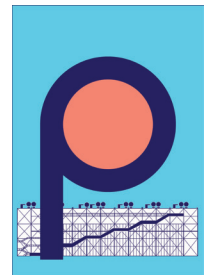


Colour me in





Pompidou Centre



'The centre is like a huge spaceship made of glass, steel and coloured tubing that landed unexpectedly in the heart of the Paris, and where it would very quickly set deep roots.'

Renzo Piano

INSIDE OUT

The Lloyd's Building, also known as the Inside-Out Building on Lime Street in London is another example of inside-out architecture or structural expressionism, maximising on interior space by designing the lift and ducts on the exterior. The building was also designed by Richard Rogers between 1978 - 1986.



Activity

Colour code your home!

Investigate how services and infrastructures move around your home, where they enter and how they get where they need to go. Use the colour code below to identify water pipes and more by using colourful pieces of paper or stickers.

Where does your heating come from? code: RED

How does water move around the house and where does it come from?
code: BLUE

Where does your electricity come from?
code: YELLOW

Draw a diagram of the pipes moving around your house to illustrate your findings. Make sure you have an adult present to so you can have safe access.